

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 AN 138:5819 CA
 TI Selective alkylation of **catechol** with tert-**butyl alcohol** over HY and modified HY **zeolites**
 AU Anand, R.; Maheswari, R.; Gore, K. U.; Chumbhale, V. R.
 CS Catalysis Division, National Chemical Laboratory, Pune, 411 008, India
 SO Catalysis Communications (2002), 3(8), 321-326
 CODEN: CCAOAC; ISSN: 1566-7367
 PB Elsevier Science B.V.
 DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes)
 Section cross-reference(s): 67
 AB Vapor phase alkylation of catechol with t-BuOH was studied over HY and dealuminated HY zeolites at 120-200.degree.C. The predominant product is 4-tert-butylcatechol (4-TBC) with >86% selectivity; the minor products are 3-tert-butylcatechol and 3,5-di-tert-butylcatechol.
 Dealuminated HY zeolites (steamed at 550.degree. and 700.degree.) showed marked increase in catechol conversion and 4-TBC yield. The effects of various reaction parameters, such as temp., space velocity and reactant molar ratio are discussed.
 ST catechol butylation zeolite catalyst; butylcatechol prepn catechol butylation catalyst
 IT Dealuminated Y zeolites
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (HY; selective alkylation of catechol with t-BuOH over dealuminated HY zeolites)
 IT Zeolite HY
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (dealuminated; selective alkylation of catechol with t-BuOH over dealuminated HY zeolites)
 IT Butylation catalysts
 (selective alkylation of catechol with t-BuOH over dealuminated HY zeolites)
 IT 98-29-3P, 4-tert-Butylcatechol
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. by selective alkylation of catechol with t-BuOH over dealuminated HY zeolites)

IT 75-65-0, tert-**Butanol**, reactions 120-80-9, Catechol, reactions
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(selective alkylation of **catechol** with t-BuOH over
dealuminated HY **zeolites**)

RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE

- (1) Anand, R; Catal Lett 2002, V78, P189 CA
- (2) Anand, R; Catal Lett 2002, V81, P33 CA
- (3) Ancillotti, F; BE 889864 1982 CA
- (4) Burgoyne, W; Chemtech 1989, V19, P690 CA
- (5) Dixon, D; Appl Catal 1990, V62, P161 CA
- (6) Gore, K; 10.1021/jp0143241 CA
- (7) Gore, K; J Phys Chem B 2002
- (8) Saito, T; JP 07082197 1995 CA
- (9) Scherzer, J; ACS Symposium Series 1984, V248, P1
- (10) Yadav, G; Green Chem 2001, V3(2), P92 CA
- (11) Yoo, J; Appl Catal A 1999, V187, P225 CA
- (12) Yoo, J; Catal Today 2000, V60, P255 CA

L9 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 136:355704 CA

TI Alkylation of **catechol** with tert-**butyl alcohol**
over H.beta. **zeolite**

AU Zhang, Jingchang; Sun, Faqun; Cao, Weiliang; Zhang, Tianqiao
CS Faculty of Science, Beijing University of Chemical Technology,
Beijing,
100029, Peop. Rep. China

SO Cuihua Xuebao (2002), 23(1), 33-36
CODEN: THHPD3; ISSN: 0253-9837

PB Kexue Chubanshe

DT Journal

LA Chinese

CC 37-2 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

AB Catalytic performance of H.beta. and modified H.beta./Al₂O₃ in
alkylation

of catechol with tert-Bu alc. was investigated. The structure
and acid

properties of the catalysts were characterized by XRD and NH₃-TPD
techniques. The influence of acidity of the zeolite on
catalytic activity

and selectivity was discussed. The results showed that the
selectivity of

Co-beta./Al₂O₃ for 4-tert-butylcatechol reaches 99%, and the
catechol

conversion is 71%, which is the best result reported in refs. up
to date.

H.beta. zeolite and Co-modified H.beta./Al₂O₃ are prospective
catalysts

for alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc.

ST catechol butyl alc alkylation zeolite catalyst

IT Alkylation catalysts

(alkylation of catechol with tert-Bu alc. over H.beta. zeolite)

IT H-Beta zeolites

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);

USES (Uses)

(alkylation of catechol with tert-Bu alc. over H.beta. zeolite)

IT Beta zeolites

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(alkylation of catechol with tert-Bu alc. over H.beta. zeolite)

IT 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(alkylation of catechol with tert-Bu alc. over H.beta. zeolite)

IT 75-65-0, tert-**Butanol**, reactions 120-80-9, O-Dihydroxybenzene, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(alkylation of **catechol** with tert-Bu alc. over H.beta. **zeolite**)

IT 98-29-3P, 4-Tert-Butyl-1,2-benzenediol

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(alkylation of catechol with tert-Bu alc. over H.beta. zeolite)

L9 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 136:249325 CA

TI Alkylation of **catechol** with tert-**butyl alcohol** over modified Co.beta. **zeolite**

AU Zhang, Jing-chang; Sun, Fa-qun; Cao, Wei-liang

CS Faculty of Science, Beijing University of Chemical Technology, Beijing,

100029, Peop. Rep. China

SO Ningxia Daxue Xuebao, Ziran Kexueban (2001), 22(2), 109-111

CODEN: NDXKD8; ISSN: 0253-2328

PB Ningxia Daxue Xuebao, Ziran Kexueban Bianjibu

DT Journal

LA Chinese

CC 45-4 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes)

Section cross-reference(s): 67

AB Alkylation of catechol with t-BuOH over modified .beta. zeolites was

investigated. The pore structure and acid properties of catalysts were

characterized by XRD and NH3-TPD. The activity of Co.beta. zeolite is

high, the conversion of catechol is 71% and the selectivity to 4-tert-butylcatechol is 99%.

ST **catechol** alkylation **butanol** cobalt **zeolite**

catalyst; butylcatechol prepn **catechol** alkylation catalyst

IT Beta zeolites
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(cobalt-modified; prepn. by catechol alkylation with t-BuOH
over

Co-beta zeolite catalysts)

IT Alkylation catalysts
(prepn. by catechol alkylation with t-BuOH over Co-beta
zeolite
catalysts)

IT 75-65-0, tert-**Butanol**, reactions 120-80-9, Catechol, reactions
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(**catechol** alkylation with t-BuOH over Co-beta **zeolite**
catalysts)

IT 98-29-3P, 4-tert-Butylcatechol
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. by catechol alkylation with t-BuOH over Co-beta
zeolite
catalysts)

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 135:152408 CA

TI Alkylation of dihydroxybenzenes and anisole with
methyl-tert-butyl ether

(MTBE) over solid acid catalysts

AU Yadav, G. D.; Goel, P. K.; Joshi, A. V.

CS Chemical Engineering Division, University Department of Chemical
Technology (UDCT), Matunga, Mumbai, 400 019, India

SO Green Chemistry (2001), 3(2), 92-99

CODEN: GRCHFJ; ISSN: 1463-9262

PB Royal Society of Chemistry

DT Journal

LA English

CC 22-4 (Physical Organic Chemistry)

AB The synthesis of tert-butylated dihydroxy and alkoxy benzenes
from

catechol, **resorcinol** and anisole, with MTBE has been

carried out in presence of variety of solid acid catalysts. The
current

work dealt with the efficacy of various solid acid catalysts in
the

alkylation of substituted benzenes and MTBE. MTBE is a better
tert-butylating agent than **isobutylene** and tert-Bu alc. 20%

wt./wt. dodecatungstophosphoric acid (DTP) supported on K10

montmorillonite clay was found to be very effective in comparison
with other solid acid catalysts used. A complete theor. and

exptl. anal.

is presented for the model studies of **catechol**/anisole with

MTBE. The reaction follows a typical second order kinetics at a
fixed

catalyst loading, with weak adsorption of both the species. The
energy of

activation for **catechol** alkylation was found to be 8.86 kcal mol⁻¹, which was low and suggested that intraparticle diffusional resistance would set in for larger particle size. For anisole alkylation

the energy of activation was 17.36 kcal mol⁻¹ indicating that the reaction

is intrinsically kinetically controlled.

ST dihydroxybenzene anisole alkylation kinetics MTBE solid acid catalysts

IT Reaction kinetics

(Friedel-Crafts reaction kinetics; alkylation of dihydroxybenzenes and

anisole with MTBE over solid acid catalysts)

IT Activation energy

Friedel-Crafts reaction

Friedel-Crafts reaction catalysts

Particle size

Surface reaction

Tert-butylation

(alkylation of dihydroxybenzenes and anisole with MTBE over solid acid

catalysts)

IT Phenols, reactions

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT

(Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(alkylation of dihydroxybenzenes and anisole with MTBE over solid acid

catalysts)

IT Friedel-Crafts reaction

(kinetics; alkylation of dihydroxybenzenes and anisole with MTBE over

solid acid catalysts)

IT 1318-93-0, montmorillonite K10, uses

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(alkylation of dihydroxybenzenes and anisole with MTBE over solid acid

catalysts)

IT 100-66-3, Anisole, reactions 108-46-3, Resorcinol, reactions 120-80-9,

Catechol, reactions

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT

(Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(alkylation of dihydroxybenzenes and anisole with MTBE over solid acid

catalysts)

IT 1634-04-4, MTBE

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(alkylation of dihydroxybenzenes and anisole with MTBE over solid acid

catalysts)
IT 1343-93-7
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(supported on K10 montmorillonite clay; alkylation of
dihydroxybenzenes
and anisole with MTBE over solid acid catalysts)
RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Akoi, T; JP 04273838 1992 CA
(2) Campbell, D; Ind Eng Chem Res 1990, V24, P642
(3) Cunill, F; Appl Catal 1987, V34, P341 CA
(4) Fernholz, H; Angew Chem 1969, V8, P521 CA
(5) Fogler, H; Elements of Chemical Reaction Engineering 1995
(6) Kroupa, J; CZ 265262 1990 CA
(7) Kumbhar, P; Chem Eng Sci 1989, V44, P2535 CA
(8) Noburu, O; J Chem Soc, Chem Commun 1986, V16, P1285
(9) Rajadaksha, R; Ind Chem Eng Res 1987, V26, P1276
(10) Reid, R; The Properties of Gases and Liquids, 3rd edn 1977
(11) Saito, T; JP 782197 1995
(12) Sartori, G; Chem Ind 1985, V22, P762
(13) Schleppinghoff, B; EP 407840 1991 CA
(14) Schriesheim, A; Friedel Crafts and Related Reactions, Part I
1964, VII,
P447
(15) Svanholm, U; J Chem Soc, Perkin Trans 1 1973, V6, P562
(16) Tajero, J; Appl Catal 1988, V38, P327
(17) Tsigdinos, G; Ind Eng Chem Prod Res Dev 1974, V13, P267 CA
(18) Yadav, G; Appl Catal A 1996, V147, P299 CA
(19) Yadav, G; Appl Catal A 1997, V154, P29 CA
(20) Yadav, G; Catal Today 2000, V60, P263 CA
(21) Yadav, G; Fundamental and Applied Aspects of Chemically Modified
Surfaces
1999, P254 CA
(22) Yadav, G; Green Chem 1999, V1, P269 CA
(23) Yadav, G; Green Chem 2000, V2, P71 CA
(24) Yadav, G; Ind Eng Chem Res 1996, V35, P721 CA
(25) Yadav, G; J Chem Soc, Chem Commun 1995, P203 CA
(26) Yamamoto, H; JP 08231452 1996 CA
(27) Yoo, J; Appl Catal A 1999, V187, P225 CA

L9 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN 133:237465 CA
TI Alkylation of hydroquinone with methyl-tert-butyl-ether and
tert-butanol
AU Yadav, G. D.; Doshi, N. S.
CS University Department of Chemical Technology (UDCT), Chemical
Engineering
Division, University of Mumbai, Matunga, Mumbai, 400 019, India
SO Catalysis Today (2000), 60(3-4), 263-273
CODEN: CATTEA; ISSN: 0920-5861
PB Elsevier Science B.V.

ordered

DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 22-4 (Physical Organic Chemistry)
 Section cross-reference(s): 45, 67
 AB The alkylation of **hydroquinone** yields industrially important compds., amongst which tert-butylhydroquinone is a very important precursor for its use in pharmaceuticals and in developing photog. plates.
 Twenty per cent (wt./wt.) dodecatungstophosphoric acid supported on K10 **montmorillonite** clay (DTP/K10) was found to be a very efficient and novel catalyst in comparison with several others for alkylation of **hydroquinone** with different alkylating agents such as methyl-tert-butyl-ether (MTBE) and tert-**butanol** at 150.degree.C in an autoclave. A summary of characterization of DTP/K10 is provided and related to the activity. Various reaction parameters were also investigated and a kinetic model was built. The rate of alkylation with MTBE was much faster than that with tert-**butanol**. The reaction follows a typical second order kinetics at a fixed catalyst loading with weak adsorption of both the species. The energy of activation was found to be 19.34 kcal/mol.
 ST alkylation **hydroquinone** MTBE **butanol** heteropoly acid **montmorillonite** clay
 IT Catalyst supports
 (K10 **montmorillonite** clay; kinetics and mechanism of alkylation of **hydroquinone** with methyl-tert-Bu ether and tert-**butanol** over solid acid catalysts)
 IT Activation energy
 Adsorption
 Alkylation
 Alkylation catalysts
 Alkylation kinetics
 Surface reaction
 (kinetics and mechanism of alkylation of hydroquinone with methyl-tert-Bu ether and tert-butanol over solid acid catalysts)
 IT Heteropoly acids
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (kinetics and mechanism of alkylation of hydroquinone with methyl-tert-Bu ether and tert-butanol over solid acid catalysts)
 IT Clays, uses
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (montmorillonitic, K10; kinetics and mechanism of alkylation of hydroquinone with methyl-tert-Bu ether and tert-butanol over solid acid

catalysts)

IT Acids, uses
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (solid; kinetics and mechanism of alkylation of hydroquinone
 with methyl-tert-Bu ether and tert-butanol over solid acid
 catalysts)

IT 7646-85-7, Zinc dichloride, uses
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (clayzic (20% ZnCl₂/K-10 **montmorillonite**); kinetics and
 mechanism of alkylation of **hydroquinone** with methyl-tert-Bu
 ether and tert-**butanol** over solid acid catalysts)

IT 1314-23-4D, Zirconia, sulfated 1343-93-7 12027-38-2
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (kinetics and mechanism of alkylation of hydroquinone with
 methyl-tert-Bu ether and tert-butanol over solid acid
 catalysts)

IT 88-58-4P, 2,5-Di-tert-butyl-1,4-hydroquinone 1948-33-0P,
 2-tert-Butyl-1,4-hydroquinone
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation);
 PREP
 (Preparation)
 (kinetics and mechanism of alkylation of hydroquinone with
 methyl-tert-Bu ether and tert-butanol over solid acid
 catalysts)

IT 123-31-9, p-Hydroquinone, reactions 1634-04-4, MTBE
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP
 (Properties); RCT
 (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (kinetics and mechanism of alkylation of hydroquinone with
 methyl-tert-Bu ether and tert-butanol over solid acid
 catalysts)

IT 75-65-0, tert-Butanol, reactions
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT
 (Reactant); PROC
 (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (kinetics and mechanism of alkylation of hydroquinone with
 methyl-tert-Bu ether and tert-butanol over solid acid
 catalysts)

RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 RE

- (1) Akoi; JP 04273838 1993 CA
- (2) Carrillo, J; Synth Commun 1991, V21, P1465
- (3) Cunill, F; Appl Catal 1987, V34, P341 CA
- (4) Fogler, H; Elements of Chemical Reaction Engineering 1995
- (5) Fujita; JP 03169832 1991 CA
- (6) Hojo, M; J Org Chem 1984, V49, P4161
- (7) Kroupa, J; CZ 265262 1992 CA
- (8) Kumbhar, P; Chem Eng Sci 1989, V44, P2535 CA
- (9) Merger, F; DE 2740590 1979 CA
- (10) Nakamura, H; JP 6281341 1987 CA

- (11) Nakamura, H; JP 6281342 1987 CA
- (12) Reid Reid, R; The Properties of Gases and Liquids, 3rd Edition 1977
- (13) Schlieppinghoff, B; EP 407840 1991 CA
- (14) Tajero, J; Appl Catal 1988, V38, P327
- (15) Yadav, G; Appl Catal A 1996, V147, P299 CA
- (16) Yadav, G; Appl Catal A 1997, V154, P29 CA
- (17) Yadav, G; Fundamental and Applied Aspects of Chemically Modified Surfaces 1999, P254 CA
- (18) Yadav, G; Green Chem 1999, V1, P269 CA
- (19) Yadav, G; Ind Eng Chem Res 1996, V35, P721 CA
- (20) Yadav, G; J Chem Soc, Chem Commun 1995, P203 CA
- (21) Young, C; Ind Eng Chem Res 1990, V24, P642

L9 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CA COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 132:207509 CA

TI Alkylation of catechol with t-butyl alcohol over acidic zeolites

AU Yoo, J. W.; Lee, C. W.; Park, S.-E.; Ko, J.

CS Yusung, P.O. Box 107, Industrial Catalysis Research Lab., Korea Research

Institute of Chemical Technology (KRICT), Taejon, S. Korea

SO Applied Catalysis, A: General (1999), 187(2), 225-232

CODEN: ACAGE4; ISSN: 0926-860X

PB Elsevier Science B.V.

DT Journal

LA English

CC 22-4 (Physical Organic Chemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 67

OS CASREACT 132:207509

AB The catalytic properties of H-ZSM-5 in catechol alkylation with Me3COH are

compared to that of other solid acid catalysts, H-USY, H-beta, .gamma.-alumina. H-ZSM-5 zeolite shows a selectivity >84% and conversion

>90% for 4-tert-butylcatechol (4-TBC), while 3,5-di-tert-butylcatechol

(DTBC) and 3-tert-butylcatechol (3-TBC) are produced as minor byproducts,

which are identified by GC/MS and 1H-NMR. When the Na cation-exchange

level, Na/H, of NaH-ZSM-5 increases, the conversion and DTBC selectivity

decrease rapidly and 3-tert-butylcatechol (3-TBC) selectivity grows. As

the SiO2/Al2O3 ratio of H-ZSM-5 increases, the conversion and DTBC

selectivity decrease. Selectivities for 4-TBC over NaH-ZSM-5 with 3

different Na cation-exchange levels and over ZSM-5 with 3 different

QD SUS. A6 1
pta

SiO₂/Al₂O₃ ratios are not changed significantly. Surface modification of

H-ZSM-5 via CVD with tetraethylorthosilicate (TEOS) or poisoning with

tributylamine (TBA) leads to the redn. of DTBC selectivity, and simultaneously, to the improvement of 4-TBC selectivity.

Variations of

catalytic activity over ZSM-5 catalysts are compared and discussed in

terms of the concn. and strength of the acid site detd. by FTIR spectroscopy. Strong Bronsted acid sites seem to be responsible for the

t-butylation of catechol.

ST tertbutyl alc alkylation **catechol** acidic **zeolite** catalyst; **tertbutanol** tertbutylation **catechol** acidic **zeolite**

IT Surface acidity

Surface acidity

(Bronsted; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT IR spectroscopy

(Fourier-transform; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT Ultrastable Y zeolites

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process);

PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(HY; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT Surface acidity

Surface acidity

(Lewis; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT Zeolite NaY

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process);

PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(NaHZSM-5; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT Catalysis

(acid; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT Zeolites (synthetic), properties

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process);

PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(acidic; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT Alkylation

Chemisorbed substances

Chemisorption
 IR spectra
 Poisoning, catalytic
 Surface reaction
 Tert-butylation
 (alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)
 IT H-Beta zeolites
 Zeolite ZSM-5
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process);
 PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)
 IT Alcohols, reactions
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)
 IT Cation exchange
 (catalyst effect of Na; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)
 IT Tert-butylation
 Tert-butylation
 (catalysts; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)
 IT Vapor deposition process
 (chem., catalytic effect of TEOS; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)
 IT Bronsted acidity
 Bronsted acidity
 Lewis acidity
 Lewis acidity
 Reaction mechanism
 (surface; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)
 IT Alkylation catalysts
 Alkylation catalysts
 (tert-butylation; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)
 IT Zeolite HY
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process);
 PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (ultrastable; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)
 IT 78-10-4, Tetraethylorthosilicate
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process);

PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (CVD of zeolite catalyst; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT 1020-31-1P, 3,5-Di-tert-butylcatechol 4026-05-5P,
 3-tert-Butylcatechol
 RL: BYP (Byproduct); PREP (Preparation)
 (alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT 75-65-0, tert-Butyl alcohol, reactions 120-80-9,
 1,2-Benzenediol, reactions
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT
 (Reactant); PROC
 (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT 98-29-3P, 4-tert-Butylcatechol
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT 102-82-9, Tributylamine
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process);
 PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (catalyst poison; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT 7440-23-5, Sodium, uses
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process);
 PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (catalytic effect of zeolite cation exchange; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT 110-86-1, Pyridine, properties
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process);
 PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (chemisorption; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

IT 1344-28-1, Alumina, properties
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process);
 PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (.gamma.-; alkylation of catechol with t-Bu alc. over acidic zeolites)

RE.CNT 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 RE

- (1) Almeida, J; Appl Catal A: Gen 1994, V114, P141 CA
- (2) Bellussi, G; J Catal 1995, V157, P227 CA
- (3) Boehm, H; Catalysis, Science and Technology 1983, P39
- (4) Burk, R; Twelfth Catalyst Report 1940, P266

- (5) Cejka, J; Zeolites 1996, V17, P265 CA
- (6) Chang, C; J Am Chem Soc 1984, V106, P8143 CA
- (7) Chu, C; J Phys Chem 1985, V89, P1569 CA
- (8) Chu, S; Appl Catal A: Gen 1995, V123, P51 CA
- (9) Corma, A; Catal Rev Sci Eng 1993, V35(4), P483 CA
- (10) Hedge, S; Zeolites 1989, V9, P231
- (11) Huang, M; J Chem Soc, Faraday Trans 1993, V89, P4231 CA
- (12) Jacobs, P; J Phys Chem 1982, V86, P3050 CA
- (13) Kiricsi, I; J Phys Chem 1994, V98, P4627 CA
- (14) Kiwi-Minsker, L; Stud Surf Sci Catal 1996, V101, P171 CA
- (15) Malloy, T; US 4323714 1982 CA
- (16) Medina-Valtierra, J; Appl Catal A: Gen 1997, V158, PL1
- (17) Mirth, G; Stud Surf Sci Catal 1994, V88, P241 CA
- (18) Nagaoka, J; JP 49109325 1974 CA
- (19) Namba, S; Stud Surf Sci Catal 1980, V5, P105 CA
- (20) Niwa, M; J Phys Chem Solid 1989, V50, P487 CA
- (21) Take, J; Stud Surf Sci Catal 1986, V28, P495 CA
- (22) Trombetta, M; J Catal 1998, V179, P581 CA
- (23) van Bekkum, H; Stud Surf Sci Catal 1988, V41, P23
- (24) Venuto, P; J Catal 1966, V5, P484 CA
- (25) Ward, J; Zeolite Chemistry and Catalysis, ACS Monograph 171
1979, P118
- (26) Wichterlova, B; Catal Lett 1992, V16, P421 CA
- (27) Yoo, J; Stud Surf Sci Catal 1997, V105, P2035
- (28) Zholobenko, V; Zeolites 1988, V8, P150

=> log y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
56.61	58.42

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
-5.58	-5.58

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 11:34:28 ON 17 APR 2003